

Product information

ADSL, 1-484aa

Human, His-tagged, Recombinant, *E.coli*

Cat. No. IBATGP1275

Full name: Adenylosuccinate lyase

NCBI Accession No.: NP_000017

Synonyms: AMPS, ASASE, ASL

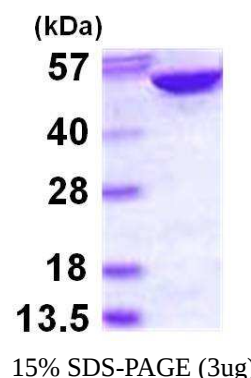
Description: Adenylosuccinate lyase, also known as ADSL, is an enzyme that converts adenylosuccinate to AMP and fumarate as part of the purine nucleotide cycle. Defects in ADSL are the cause of adenylosuccinase deficiency (ADSL deficiency). ADSL deficiency is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by the accumulation in the body fluids of succinylaminoimidazole-carboxamide riboside (SAICA-riboside) and succinyladenosine (S-Ado). Recombinant human ADSL protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in *E.coli* and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

Form: Liquid. In 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1mM DTT, 40% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl

Molecular Weight: 59 kDa (520aa)

Purity: > 95% by SDS - PAGE

Concentration: 1 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)



Sequences of amino acids:

MRGSHHHHHH GMASMTGGQQ MGRDLYDDDD KDRWGSMAAG GDHGSPDSYR SPLASRYASP EMCVFVSDRY KFRTWRQLWL WLAEAEQTLG
LPITDEQIQE MKSNLENIDF KMAAEEEEKRL RHDVMAHVHT FGHCCPKAAG I IHLGATSCY VGDNTDL I I L RNALDLLLPK LARVISRLAD
FAKERASLPT LGFTHFQPAQ LTTVGKRCCL WIQDLCMDLQ NLKRVRRDLR FRGVKGTGTGT QASFLQLFEG DDHKVEQLDK MVTEKAGFKR
AFIITGQTYT RKVDIEVLSV LASLGASVHK ICTDIRLLAN LKEMEPEFEK QQIGSSAMPY KRNPMSRERC CSLARHMLTL VMDPLQTASV
QWFERTLDDS ANRRICLAEA FLTADTILNT LQNISEGLVV YPKVIERRIR QELPFMATEN I I MAMVKAGG SRQDCHEKIR VLSQQAASV
KQEGGDNDLI ERIQVDAYFS PIHSQLDHL L DPSSFTGRAS QQVQRFLEEE VYPLLKPYES VMKVKAELCL

General references:

Marie S., et al. (2002) *Am J Hum Genet.* 71:14-21.

Kmoch S., et al. (2000) *Hum Mal Genet.* 9:1501-1513.

Storage: Can be stored at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or -70°C.
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

For research use only. This product is not intended or approved for human, diagnostics or veterinary use.