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# Candida albicans IgM ELISA

Enzyme immunoassay for the detection of human IgM antibodies against Candida albicans in serum and plasma



IB79215

96 wells



For Research Use Only – Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

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#### **1. INTENDED USE**

The Candida albicans IgM Antibody ELISA Test Kit has been designed for the detection of specific IgM antibodies against Candida albicans in serum and plasma. For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### 2. PRINCIPLE OF THE TESTS

The Candida albicans IgM antibody test kit is based on the principle of the enzyme immunoassay (EIA). Candida albicans antigen is bound on the surface of the microtiter strips. Diluted serum or ready-to-use standards are pipetted into the wells of the microtiter plate. A binding between the IgM antibodies of the serum and the immobilized Candida albicans antigen takes place. After a one hour incubation at room temperature, the plate is rinsed with diluted wash solution, in order to remove unbound material. Then ready-to-use anti-human-IgM peroxidase conjugate is added and incubated for 30 minutes. After a further washing step, the substrate (TMB) solution is pipetted and incubated for 20 minutes, inducing the development of a blue dye in the wells. The color development is terminated by the addition of a stop solution, which changes the color from blue to yellow. The resulting dye is measured spectrophotometrically at the wavelength of 450 nm. The concentration of the IgM antibodies is directly proportional to the intensity of the color.

## 3. LIMITATIONS, PRECAUTIONS AND GENERAL COMMENTS

- Only for research use! Do not ingest or swallow! The usual laboratory safety precautions as well as the prohibition of eating, drinking and smoking in the lab have to be followed.
- All sera and plasma or buffers based upon, have been tested respective to HBsAg, HIV and HCV with recognized methods and were found negative. Nevertheless precautions like the use of latex gloves have to be taken.
- Serum and reagent spills have to be wiped off with a disinfecting solution (e.g. sodium hypochlorite, 5%) and have to be disposed of properly.
- All reagents have to be brought to room temperature (18 to 25 °C) before performing the test.
- Before pipetting all reagents should be mixed thoroughly by gentle tilting or swinging. Vigorous shaking with formation of foam should be avoided.
- It is important to pipet with constant intervals, so that all the wells of the microtiter plate have the same conditions.
- When removing reagents out of the bottles, care has to be taken that the stoppers are not contaminated. Further a possible mix-up has to be avoided. The content of the bottles is usually sensitive to oxidation, so that they should be opened only for a short time.
- In order to avoid a carry-over or a cross-contamination, separate disposable pipet tips have to be used.
- All reagents have to be used within the expiry period.
- In accordance with a Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) or following ISO9001 all laboratory devices employed should be regularly checked regarding the accuracy and precision. This refers amongst others to microliter pipets and washing or reading (ELISA-Reader) instrumentation.
- The contact of certain reagents, above all the stopping solution and the substrate with skin, eye and mucosa has to be avoided, because possible irritations and acid burns could arise, and there exists a danger of intoxication.

## 4. REAGENTS PROVIDED

Symbol	Symbol Components	
SORB MT	<b>RB</b> MT Candida albicans antigen coated microtiter strips	
CAL A	Calibrator A (Negative Control)	2 mL
CAL B	Calibrator B (Cut-Off Standard)	2 mL
CAL C	Calibrator C (Weak Positive Control)	2 mL
CAL D	Calibrator D (Positive Control)	2 mL
ENZ CONJ	Enzyme Conjugate	15 mL
SUB TMB	Substrate	15 mL
STOP SOLN	Stop Solution	15 mL
SAM DIL	Sample Diluent	60 mL
WASH SOLN 10x	Washing Buffer (10×)	60 mL

## Storage and Stability (refer to the expiry date on the outer box label)

Store kit components at 2-8°C and do not use after the expiry date on the box outer label. Before use, all components should be allowed to warm up to ambient temperature (18-25°C). After use, the plate should be resealed, the bottle caps replaced and tightened and the kit stored at 2-8°C. After the first opening the kit should be used within 3 months, the diluted wash buffer can be kept for 4 weeks at 2-8°C.

#### 4.1. Microtiter Strips

12 strips with 8 breakable wells each, coated with Candida albicans antigen (complete antigen: somatic + metabolic). Ready-to-use.

## 4.2. Calibrator A (Negative Control)

2 mL, protein solution diluted with PBS, contains no IgM antibodies against Candida albicans. Addition of 0.01% methylisothiazolone and 0.01% bromonitrodioxane. Ready-to-use.

## 4.3. Calibrator B (Cut-Off Standard)

2 mL human serum diluted with PBS, contains a low concentration of IgM antibodies against Candida albicans. Addition of 0.01 % methylisothiazolone and 0.01 % bromonitrodioxane. Ready-to-use.

## 4.4. Calibrator C (Weak Positive Control)

2 mL, human serum diluted with PBS, contains a medium concentration of IgM antibodies against Candida albicans. Addition of 0.01 % methylisothiazolone and 0.01 % bromonitrodioxane. Ready-to-use.

#### 4.5. Calibrator D (Positive Control)

2 mL, human serum diluted with PBS, contains a high concentration of IgM antibodies against Candida albicans. Addition of 0.01% methylisothiazolone and 0.01% bromonitrodioxane. Ready-to-use.

#### 4.6. Enzyme Conjugate

15 mL, anti-human-IgM-HRP (rabbit), in protein-containing buffer solution. Addition of 0.01 % methylisothiazolone and 0.01 % bromonitrodioxane and 5 mg/L Proclin<sup>™</sup>. Ready-to-use.

#### 4.7. Substrate

15 mL, TMB (tetramethylbenzidine). Ready-to-use.

#### 4.8. Stop Solution

15 mL, 1 N acidic solution. Ready-to-use.

#### 4.9. Sample Diluent

60 mL, PBS/BSA buffer. Addition of 0.095 % sodium azide. Ready-to-use.

#### 4.10. Washing Buffer

Version 6b

Updated 190703

60 mL, PBS + Tween 20, 10x concentrate. Final concentration: dilute 1+9 with deionized water. If during the cold storage crystals precipitate, the concentrate should be warmed up at 37°C for 15 minutes.

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## 5. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 5 µL-, 100 µL- and 500 µL micro- and multichannel pipets
- Microtiter Plate Reader (450 nm)
- Microtiter Plate Washer
- Reagent tubes for the serum dilution
- Deionized water
- Plastic Bag

## 6. SAMPLE COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Principally serum or plasma (EDTA, heparin) can be used for the determination. Serum is separated from the blood, which is aseptically drawn by venipuncture, after clotting and centrifugation. The serum or plasma samples can be stored refrigerated (2-8°C) for up to 7 days. For a longer storage they should be kept at -20°C. The samples should not be frozen and thawed repeatedly. Lipemic, hemolytic or bacterially contaminated samples can cause false positive or false negative results.

For the performance of the test the samples (not the standards) have to be diluted 1:101 with ready-touse sample diluent (e.g. 5  $\mu$ L serum + 500  $\mu$ L sample diluent).

## 7. ASSAY PROCEDURE

## 7.1. Preparation of Reagents

**Washing Solution:** dilute before use 1+9 with deionized water. If during the cold storage crystals precipitate, the concentrate should be warmed up at 37°C for 15 minutes.

- Strict adherence to the protocol is advised for reliable performance. Any changes or modifications are the responsibility of the user.
- All reagents and samples must be brought to room temperature before use, but should not be left at this temperature longer than necessary.
- It is recommended that standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- A standard curve should be established with each assay.
- Return the unused microtiter strips to the plastic bag and store them dry at 2-8°C.

#### 7.2. Assay Steps

- 1. Prepare a sufficient amount of microtiter wells for the standards, controls and samples as well as for a substrate blank.
- 2. Pipet 100 μL each of the **diluted** (1:101) samples and the **ready-to-use** standards and controls respectively into the wells. Leave one well empty for the substrate blank.
- 3. Cover plate with the re-usable plate cover and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- Empty the wells of the plate (dump or aspirate) and add 300 μL of diluted washing solution. This
  procedure is repeated totally three times. Rests of the washing buffer are afterwards removed by
  gentle tapping of the microtiter plate on a tissue cloth.
- 5. Pipet 100 µL each of ready-to-use conjugate into the wells. Leave one well empty for the substrate blank.
- 6. Cover plate with the re-usable plate cover and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- Empty the wells of the plate (dump or aspirate) and add 300 μL of diluted washing solution. This
  procedure is repeated totally three times. Rests of the washing buffer are afterwards removed by
  gentle tapping of the microtiter plate on a tissue cloth.
- 8. Pipet 100 µL each of the ready-to-use substrate into the wells. This time also the substrate blank is pipetted.
- 9. Cover plate with the re-usable plate cover and incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes in the dark (e.g. drawer).
- 10. To terminate the substrate reaction, pipet 100 µL each of the ready-to-use stop solution into the wells. Pipet also the substrate blank.
- 11. After thorough mixing and wiping the bottom of the plate, perform the reading of the absorption at 450 nm (optionally reference wavelength of 620 nm). The color is stable for at least 60 minutes.

## 8. EVALUATION

## 8.1. Evaluation (Cut-Off)

The calculated absorptions for the sera, as mentioned above, are compared with the value for the cutoff standard. If the value of the sample is higher, there is a positive result. For a value below the cut-off standard, there is a negative result. It seems reasonable to define a range of +/-20 % around the value of the cut-off as a grey zone. In such a case the repetition of the test with the same serum or with a new sample of the same subject, taken after 2-4 weeks, is recommended. Both samples should be measured in parallel in the same run.

The positive control must show at least the double absorption compared with the cut-off standard.

## 8.2. Evaluation (U/mL)

The ready-to-use standards and controls of the Candida albicans IgM antibody kit are defined and expressed in arbitrary units (U/mL). Consequently for a given subject follow-up controls become possible. The values for controls and standards in units are printed on the QC data sheet.

For this evaluation the absorptions of the standards and controls are graphically drawn *point-to-point* against their concentrations. From the resulting reference curve the concentration values for each sample can then be extracted in relation to their absorptions. It is also possible to use automatic computer programs. As curve fit *point-to-point* has to be chosen.

Calibrator B with its concentration of 10 U/mL serves as cut-off standard. Analogous to the cut-off evaluation a range of +/-20% around the cut-off is defined as a grey zone. Thus results between 8 and 12 U/mL are reported as borderline.

For doubtful IgM positive results and for the confirmation of positive reactions the absorption of Rheumatoid Factor should be conducted with an appropriate reagent (Cat. No. DEMJS02, RF-Adsorbent).

Candida albicans ELISA	IgM				
Intra-Assay-Precision	9.4 %				
Inter-Assay-Precision	8.6 %				
Inter-Lot-Precision	4.9 – 11.7 %				
Analytical Sensitivity	1.07 U/mL				
Recovery	90 – 101 %				
Linearity	88 – 128 %				
Cross-Reactivity	No cross-reactivity to Aspergillus, Bordetella und Helicobacter				
Interferences	No interferences to bilirubin up to 0.3 mg/mL,				
	hemoglobin up to 8.0 mg/mL and				
	triglycerides up to 5.0 mg/mL				
Specificity	98 %				
Sensitivity	100 %				

#### 9. ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Francais	Espanol	Italiano
(€	European Conformity	CE-Konfirmitäts- kennzeichnung	Conforme aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
Ţ.	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instruc- tions d'utilisation	Consulte las Instruc- ciones	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
IVD	In vitro diagnostic de- vice	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Ussage Diagnostic in vitro	Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en inves- tigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Référence	Número de catálogo	No. di Cat.
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	No. de lot	Número de lote	Lotto no
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/</n>	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos</n>	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
$\triangle$	Note warnings and pre- cautions	Warnhinweise und Vorsichtsmaßnahmen beachten	Avertissements et me- sures de précaution font attention	Tiene en cuenta adver- tencias y precauciones	Annoti avvisi e le precauzioni
$\mathbf{X}$	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Temperature de con- servation	Temperatura de conservacion	Temperatura di conservazione
$\Sigma$	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits- datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Vertreiber	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributtore

## SYMBOLS USED WITH IBL-AMERICA ASSAYS