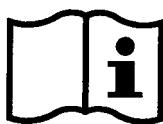


Product information



User's Manual

Protein-C ELISA

Enzyme Immunoassay for the detection of
Protein C in citrated human plasma

REF AE29028

 96

RUO

For Research Use Only – Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

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1 INTENDED USE

Protein-C is a solid phase enzyme immunoassay for the determination of Protein-C in citrated human plasma.

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Principle of the test

The Protein C is a sandwich ELISA using microplates coated with a capture antibody specific for human Protein C. 1:51 diluted plasma is incubated in the wells allowing Protein C present in the plasma to bind to the antibody. The unbound fraction is removed by washing. Afterwards anti-human Protein C detection antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (conjugate) is incubated and reacts with the antigen-antibody complex on the microwell surface. Following incubation, unbound conjugate is washed off. Addition of TMB-substrate generates an enzymatic colorimetric (blue) reaction, which is stopped by diluted acid (color changes to yellow). The rate of color formation from the chromogen is measured in optical density units with a spectrophotometer at 450 nm. Using a curve prepared from the Reference Plasma provided with the kit, the Protein C antigen relative percent concentration in plasma can be determined.

This test is using microplates coated with a capture antibody specific for human Protein-C. Diluted plasma samples (1:51) are incubated in the wells allowing Protein C present in the plasma to bind to the antibody. The unbound fraction is removed by washing. Afterwards anti-human Protein- C detection antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (conjugate) is incubated and reacts with the antigen-antibody complex on the microwell surface. Following incubation, unbound conjugate is washed off. Addition of TMB-substrate generates an enzymatic colorimetric (blue) reaction, which is stopped by diluted acid (color changes to yellow). The rate of color formation from the chromogen is measured in optical density units with a spectrophotometer at 450 nm. Using a curve prepared from the Reference Plasma provided with the kit, the Protein C antigen relative percent concentration in the plasma samples can be determined.

2 KIT CONTENTS

TO BE RECONSTITUTED				
Item	Quantity	Cap color	Solution color	Description / Contents
Sample Buffer (5x)	1 x 20ml	White	Yellow	5 x concentrated Tris, sodium chloride (NaCl), bovine serum albumin (BSA), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Wash Buffer (50x)	1 x 20ml	White	Green	50 x concentrated Tris, NaCl, Tween 20, sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Reference Plasma	3 x 0.4ml	White	-	Containing: lyophilized human plasma
Control N	3 x 0.2ml	White	-	Containing: lyophilized normal human plasma
Control D	3 x 0.2ml	White	-	Containing: lyophilized deficient human plasma
READY TO USE				
Item	Quantity	Cap color	Solution color	Description / Contents
Conjugate, IgG	1 x 15ml	Blue	Blue	Containing: anti-human Protein C antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase, bovine serum albumin (BSA)
TMB Substrate	1 x 15ml	Black	Colorless	Containing: Stabilized TMB/H ₂ O ₂
Stop Solution	1 x 15ml	White	Colorless	Containing: 1M Hydrochloric Acid
Microtiter plate	12 x 8 well strips	N/A	N/A	With breakaway microwells. Refer to paragraph 1 for coating.

* Color increasing with concentration

MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED				
Microtiter plate reader 450 nm reading filter and recommended 620 nm reference filter (600-690 nm). Glass ware (cylinder 100-1000ml), test tubes for dilutions. Vortex mixer, precision pipettes (10, 100, 200, 500, 1000 µl) or adjustable multipipette (100-1000µl). Microplate washing device (300 µl repeating or multichannel pipette or automated system), adsorbent paper. Our tests are designed to be used with purified water according to the definition of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP 26 - NF 21) and the European Pharmacopeia (Eur.Ph. 4th ed.).				

3 STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Store all reagents and the microplate at 2-8°C/35-46°F, in their original containers. Once prepared, reconstituted solutions except for the Reference Plasma and the Controls are stable at 2-8°C/35-46°F for 1 month. After reconstitution the Reference Plasma and Controls are stable for 8 hours when stored at 2-8°C/35-46°F. Reagents and the microplate shall be used within the expiry date indicated on each component, only. Avoid intense exposure of TMB solution to light. Store microplates in designated foil, including the desiccant, and seal tightly.

4 PRECAUTIONS OF USE

4.1 Health Hazard Data

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. Thus, only staff trained and specially advised in method of ELISA techniques may perform the kit. **NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.** Although this product is not considered particularly toxic or dangerous in conditions of the intended use, refer to the following for maximum safety:

Recommendations and precautions

This kit contains potentially hazardous components. Though kit reagents are not classified being irritants to eyes and skin we recommend to avoid contact with eyes and skin and wear disposable gloves.

WARNING ! Buffers contain sodium azide (NaN_3) as a preservative. NaN_3 may be toxic if ingested or adsorbed by skin or eyes. NaN_3 may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build-up. Please refer to decontamination procedures as outlined by CDC or other local/national guidelines.

Do not smoke, eat or drink when manipulating the kit. Do not pipette by mouth

The Reference Plasma and the Controls included in this kit have been tested by approved methods and found negative for HbsAg, Hepatitis C and HIV 1. However, no test can guarantee the absence of viral agents in such material completely. Thus handle Reference Plasma, Controls and samples as if capable of transmitting infectious diseases and according to national requirements.

4.2 General directions for use

In case that the product information, including the labelling, is defective or incorrect please contact the manufacturer or the supplier of the test kit.

Do not mix or substitute Controls, Calibrators, Conjugates or microplates from different lot numbers. This may lead to variations in the results.

Allow all components to reach room temperature (20-26°C/68-78.8°F) before use, mix well and follow the recommended incubation scheme for an optimum performance of the test.

Incubation: We recommend test performance at 23°C/73.4°F for automated systems.

Never expose components to higher temperature than 37°C/98.6°F.

Always pipette substrate solution with brand new tips only. Protect this reagent from light. Never pipette conjugate with tips used with other reagents prior.

5 SAMPLE COLLECTION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use preferentially plasma samples freshly collected with 3.2% or 3.8% sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Blood withdrawal must follow national requirements. Do not use icteric, lipemic, hemolysed or bacterially contaminated samples. Blood samples should be collected in clean, dry and empty tubes. After centrifugation, the plasma samples should be used immediately, otherwise stored tightly closed at 2-8°C/35-46°F up to eight hours, or frozen at -20°C/-4°F for longer periods. (Thomas: Labor und Diagnose; CLSI Guideline GP44-A4)

6 ASSAY PROCEDURE

6.1 Preparations prior to starting

Dilute concentrated reagents:

Dilute the concentrated sample buffer 1:5 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 80 ml). Dilute the concentrated wash buffer 1:50 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 980 ml).

Reference Plasma:

Reconstitute Reference Plasma by adding 0.4 ml distilled water and shake gently. Allow the reconstituted plasma to stand for 10 minutes at room temperature before use. The Reference Plasma is stable for 8 hours when stored at 2-8°C/35-46°F.

Controls:

Reconstitute Control N and Control D by adding 0.2 ml distilled water and shake gently. Allow the reconstituted Controls to stand for 10 minutes at room temperature before use. The Controls are stable for 8 hours when stored at 2-8°C/35-46°F.

Predilution of the Reference Plasma:

Prepare a 1:2 dilution of reconstituted reference plasma in prediluted sample buffer (1x) and mix well, e.g. 100 µl sample buffer + 100 µl plasma.

Preparation of the reference curve:

The dilution set is prepared by using the prediluted Reference Plasma.

Volume Reference Plasma	Volume Sample Buffer	Reference Level
60 µl	1000 µl	150 %
40 µl	1000 µl	100 %
30 µl	1000 µl	75 %
20 µl	1000 µl	50 %
10 µl	1000 µl	25 %
10 µl	2000 µl	12.5 %

Dilution of the Samples and Controls:

Add 20 μ l plasma to 1000 μ l sample buffer (1x) and mix well.

Washing:

Prepare 20 ml of diluted wash buffer (1x) per 8 wells or 200 ml for 96 wells (e.g. 4 ml concentrate plus 196 ml distilled water).

Automated washing:

Consider excess volumes required for setting up the instrument and dead volume of robot pipette.

Manual washing:

Discard liquid from wells by inverting the plate. Knock the microwell frame with wells downside vigorously on clean adsorbent paper. Pipette 300 μ l of diluted wash buffer into each well, wait for 20 seconds. Repeat the whole procedure twice again.

Microplates:

Calculate the number of wells required for the test. Remove unused wells from the frame, replace and store in the provided plastic bag, together with desiccant, seal tightly (2-8°C/35-46°F).

6.2 Pipetting Scheme

We suggest pipetting calibrators, controls and samples as follows:

	1	2	3	4...	
A	150	25	P1		
B	150	25	P1		
C	100	12.5	P2		
D	100	12.5	P2		
E	75	CD	P3		
F	75	CD	P3		
G	50	CN	...		
H	50	CN	...		

150: Reference Level 150 %

100: Reference Level 100 %

75: Reference Level 75 %

50: Reference Level 50 %

25: Reference Level 25 %

12.5: Reference Level 12.5 %

CD: control ,deficient plasma

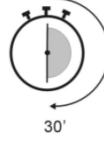
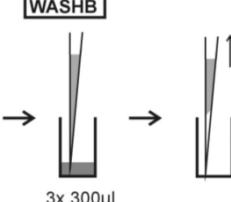
CN: control ,normal plasma'

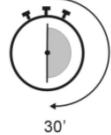
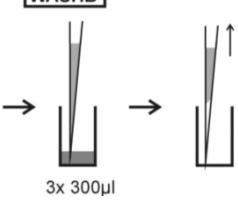
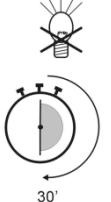
P1: sample 1

P2: sample 2

P3: sample 3

6.3 Test Steps

Step	Description
1.	Ensure preparations from step 6.1 above have been carried out prior to pipetting.
2.	Use the following steps in accordance with quantitative interpretation results desired:
Calibrators, controls, and samples	
3.	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pipette 100 μl of each diluted sample plasma into the designated microwells. Pipette 100 μl of each working dilution of the Reference Plasma and the diluted Controls into the designated wells.
4.	 <p>Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-26°C/68-78.8°F.</p>
5.	 <p>WASHB</p> <p>3x 300μl</p> <p>Wash 3x with 300 μl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).</p>

CONJUGATE	
6.	 <p>Pipette 100 µl conjugate into each well.</p>
7.	 <p>Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-26°C/68-78.8°F.</p>
8.	 <p>Wash 3x with 300 µl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).</p>
SUBSTRATE	
9.	 <p>Pipette 100 µl TMB substrate into each well.</p>
10.	 <p>Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-26°C/68-78.8°F., protected from intense light.</p>
STOP	
11.	 <p>Pipette 100 µl stop solution into each well, using the same order as pipetting the substrate.</p>
12.	 <p>Incubate 5 minutes minimum.</p>
13.	Agitate plate carefully for 5 sec.
14.	 <p>Read absorbance at 450 nm (recommended 450/620 nm) within 30 minutes.</p>

7 INTERPRETATION

For quantitative interpretation establish the reference curve by plotting the optical density (O.D.) of each dilution of the Reference Plasma (y-axis) against the corresponding value of the Reference Level in % (x-axis). For best results we recommend log/lin coordinates and 4-Parameter Fit. From the O.D. of each sample, read the corresponding sample relative value expressed in %. Multiply the sample relative value obtained from the reference curve by the assigned factor referred in the quality control leaflet to calculate the Protein-C antigen level in % of normal.

Example of a standard curve

We recommend pipetting each dilution of the Reference Plasma in parallel for each run.

Do NOT use this example for interpreting the sample results!

Reference Level	OD 450/620 nm	Results (%)	CV % (Variation)
12.5 %	0.569	11.95	1.05
25 %	0.874	26.68	0.94
50 %	1.163	48.06	1.04
75 %	1.434	77.70	0.97
100 %	1.583	99.61	1.01
150 %	1.826	147.73	1.02

Example of calculation

Sample	Replicate (OD)	Mean (OD)	Sample relative value (%)	Factor	Conc. Protein C (%)
P 01	0.933/0.927	0.930	31.8	0.96	30.5
P 02	1.860/1.866	1.863	112.3	0.96	107.8

Samples that are above the highest calibrator value should be reported as > max. They should be diluted accordingly and be re-assayed. Samples below calibrator range should be reported as < Min.

For lot specific data, see enclosed quality control leaflet. Medical laboratories might perform an in-house quality control by using own controls and/or internal pooled sera, as foreseen by national regulations.

Each laboratory should establish its own normal range based upon its own techniques, controls, equipment, and sample population according to their own established procedures.

In case that the values of the controls do not meet the criteria the test is invalid and has to be repeated.

The following technical issues should be verified: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, photometer, incubation conditions and washing methods.

If the items tested show aberrant values of any kind of deviation or that the validation criteria are not met without explicable cause please contact the manufacturer or the supplier of the test kit.

Expected values

The values for Protein C are given in relative percent (%) as compared to pooled normal plasma. The Protein C concentration in normal human plasma ranges usually between 70 % and 140 %. Samples with values above the range of the reference curve may be assayed again at higher dilutions for accurate results. Each laboratory should establish its own normal range based upon its own techniques, controls, equipment and population according to their own established procedures.

8 TECHNICAL DATA

Sample material:	Plasma
Sample volume:	20 µl plasma diluted 1:51 with 1x sample buffer
Total incubation period:	90 minutes at 20-26°C/68-78.8°F.
Calibration range:	12.5-150 %
Analytical sensitivity:	6.0%
Storage:	at 2-8°C/35-46°F in original bottles.
Number of determinations:	96 tests

9 LITERATURE

Dahlbäck B, Villoutreix BO (2005). The anticoagulant Protein C pathway. FEBS Letters 579: 3310-3316.

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Lothar Thomas: Labor und Diagnose. Indikation und Bewertung von Laborbefunden für die medizinische Diagnostik., 8. Auflage, TH Books.

CLSI Guideline GP44-A4: Procedures for the Handling and Processing of Blood Specimens for Common Laboratory Tests

Manufactured for :

Immuno-Biological Laboratories, Inc. (IBL-America)
8201 Central Ave. NE, Suite P, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55432, USA
Phone: +1 (763) - 780-2955 Fax: +1 (763) - 780-2988
Email: ibl@ibl-america.com Web: www.ibl-america.com

SYMBOLS USED WITH IBL-AMERICA ASSAYS

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Français	Español	Italiano
	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las instrucciones de uso	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
	European Conformity	CE-Konformitäts-kennzeichnung	Conformité aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Usage Diagnostic in vitro	Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Numéro de catalogue	Número de catálogo	Numero di Catalogo
	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	Numéro de lot	Número de lote	Numero di lotto
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Température de conservation	Temperatura de conservación	Temperatura di conservazione
	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits-datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Vertreiber	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributore
Content	Content	Inhalt	Conditionnement	Contenido	Contenuto
Volume/No.	Volume / No.	Volumen/Anzahl	Volume/Quantité	Volumen/Número	Volume/Quantità